

## **DIVISION XI DISCHARGE OF WASTE TO THE PUBLIC SEWER**

### **Section 11.01 Waste Disposal Permit Required**

No person shall discharge, or cause to be discharged, any industrial waste into the District sanitary sewer system without having obtained an Industrial Waste Permit from T-TSA. Such permit is required in addition to any other permits that may be required by the District Code, County Code, State statute or other ordinance, rule or regulation applicable to the industrial discharge. [Added by Ord. 99-05]

A person discharging waste into a public sewer shall obtain a temporary sewer service permit from the District prior to discharge. Persons requesting a temporary sewer service shall pay applicable fees in accordance with Schedule A. [Amended by Ord. 00-01]

The District shall not grant such a permit unless it finds that sufficient capacity exists in the public sewer to allow for such waste.

For the purpose of this section, garbage grinders powered by motors of more than one horsepower and grease interceptors installed in restaurants are considered to be industrial waste facilities.

### **Section 11.02 Revocation of Permit**

The District Manager may recommend that revocation of, and the Board may revoke, any permit, if, after a public hearing, if a public hearing is requested, or otherwise, after due investigation, the Board finds that the Permittee has failed to correct conditions as required by the District, or that fraud or deceit was employed in obtaining the permit, or that any other violation of this Chapter exists.

### **Section 11.03 Application Form**

The District shall provide printed application forms for the permit required by this Section indicating thereon the information to be furnished by the applicant. The District may require in addition to the information furnished by the printed form, any additional information from the applicant which will enable the District to determine that the proposed disposal complies with the provisions of this Chapter.

### **Section 11.04 Permit**

If it appears from the application for any permit required by this article that the proposed disposal complies with the provisions of this Chapter, the District, upon receipt of the fees hereinafter required, shall issue such permit.

### **Section 11.05 Liquid Waste Disposal**

Before granting a Waste Disposal Permit to any applicant, the District shall determine either that the waste is one which will not damage or destroy the public sewer or cause an unwarranted increase in the cost of maintenance of the public sewer or retard or inhibit the treatment of the sewage or is one that can be made acceptable by pre-treatment.

### **Section 11.06 Pretreatment Plans Required**

In the event pretreatment or special facilities are required to make the waste acceptable as provided under the provisions of this Chapter, the applicant for a Waste Disposal Permit may be required to furnish plans showing the method of collections and pretreatment proposed to be used, and a permit shall not be issued until said plans or required modification thereof have been checked and approved by the District.

### **Section 11.07 Limitations on Use of Sewer**

A person shall not place, throw, or deposit, or cause or permit to be placed, thrown, or deposited in any public sewer or main line sewer any dead animal, offal, or garbage, fish, fruit, or vegetable waste, or other solid matters, or materials or obstructions of any kind whatever of such nature as shall clog, obstruct or fill such sewer, or which shall interfere with or prevent the effective use or operation thereof. A person shall not cause or permit to be deposited or discharged into any such sewer any water or sewage or liquid waste of any kind containing chemicals, greases, oils, tars, or other matters in solution or suspension, which may clog, obstruct or fill the same, or which may in any way damage or interfere with or prevent the effective use thereof, or which may necessitate or require frequent repair, cleaning out or flushing of such sewer to render the same operative or which may obstruct or cause an unwarranted increase in the cost of treatment of the sewage. Storm runoff water shall not be discharged into a sanitary sewer. Any person or entity causing damage to, obstruction to, or spillage from the sanitary sewer shall be fully liable and responsible for all costs and damages, including to person or property and loss of use thereof, as may be suffered or incurred by the District to repair, replace or remediate said damage, obstruction, spillage or conditions resulting from improper use of the sewer collection system. [Amended by Ord. 00-01]

No person shall discharge, cause, or permit to be discharged into the public sewer the following:  
(Amended by Ord 2009-06)

- a. Any gasoline, Benzine, Naptha, fuel oil, or other flammable or explosive liquid, solid, or gas;
- b. Any liquid or vapor having a temperature higher than one hundred forty (140) degrees Fahrenheit.
- c. Any water or waste containing fats, wax, grease, or oils, whether emulsified or not, in excess of one hundred (100) mg/l or containing substances which may solidify or become viscous at temperatures below sixty (60) degrees Fahrenheit.
- d. Any garbage from a residential unit that has not been properly shredded. Properly shredded is defined to mean ground to a fineness sufficient to pass through a 3/8 inch screen. Garbage is prohibited from a commercial property.
- e. Any water or wastes containing 300 milligrams per liter, suspended solids, or excessive dissolved solids.
- f. Any water or wastes containing acid or concentrated plating solutions whether neutralized or not.
- g. Any water or wastes containing iron, chromium, copper, zinc, and similar objectionable or toxic substances; or wastes exerting an excessive chlorine requirement.

- h. Any waste water containing cyanides in excess of two milligrams per liter (2 mg/l).
- i. Any noxious or malodorous gas or substance capable of creating a public nuisance.
- j. Any radioactive wastes or isotopes.
- k. Any water or wastes having pH lower than 6.5 or higher than 8.5. Before any person shall discharge acids or alkalis into the public sewer, he shall control the pH to the extent the District finds adequate.
- l. Any wastewater with an excessive BOD or chemical oxygen demand.
- m. Any waste water which is prohibited (volume or substance) by the Tahoe-Truckee Sanitation Agency, Ordinance 1-88, or as amended, to be discharged to the sewage treatment plant.
- n. Any substance prohibited by Proposition 65, California Constitutional Amendment.
- o. Any water or wastes which contain substances or possess characteristics which, in the judgment of the General Manager, may have a deleterious effect upon the sewage treatment works or collection system.
- p. The use of diluting waters to meet the requirement standards for discharge of waste is prohibited.

#### **Section 11.08 Water**

No uncontaminated water shall be discharged into a public sanitary sewer except by written permission from the District.

#### **Section 11.09 Toxic Substances**

All toxic chemical substances shall be retained or rendered acceptable to the District's satisfaction before discharge into the public sewer.

#### **Section 11.10 Rights of Permittee**

Within the time specified in the notice of violation of suspension, the permittee shall correct and remedy the conditions so specified, to the satisfaction of the District Manager, or file with the Board a denial that all of the conditions so specified exist, request a public hearing, and correct the conditions which the permittee admits to exist, or file with the Board a denial that any of the conditions so specified exist and request a public hearing.

#### **Section 11.11 Application Fee for Waste Permit**

The District shall collect an application fee of \$20.00 with each application, which fee shall be separate and apart from any fees or deposits collected or imposed under other ordinances or regulations or by reason of any license, agreement or contract between the applicant and other public agency. Such application fee shall not be refunded even though the application be denied.

### **Section 11.12 Waste Treatment Plants or Facilities Required**

Except for the mandatory installation required by Section 11.19, waste treatment plants, facilities or interceptors shall be installed whenever the District shall find as a fact that such facilities are required to safeguard the public health; prevent pollution of streams, or bodies of surface or underground water, prevent pollution of storage reservoirs, either natural or artificial; prevent damage or increased maintenance costs in the sewerage system; prevent damage to public or private property; prevent a public nuisance; or to comply with applicable regulations of any other public agency. (Amended by Ord 2009-06)

### **Section 11.13 Installation**

Interceptors or other waste treatment plants or facilities shall be so installed and constructed that they shall be at all times easily accessible for inspection and maintenance. The District may require an inspection manhole on the owner's property for sampling and measurement of flow.

### **Section 11.14 Maintenance and Operation of Private Treatment Plants or Facilities**

All waste treatment plants or facilities and all appurtenances thereto, now existing or hereafter constructed under jurisdiction of this Chapter shall be maintained by the owner or person having control of the property affected in good operating condition and in a safe and sanitary condition at all times. All devices and safeguards which are required by this Chapter for the operation thereof, and all records of such operation shall be maintained in good order.

### **Section 11.15 Access to Properties**

The District shall be permitted at all reasonable hours to inspect waste treatment plants or facilities and to enter and inspect the place, enclosures, or structure where wastes or effluent are discharged or deposited.

### **Section 11.16 Installation of Sand and Grease Interceptors**

Each restaurant shall have an installed sand and grease interceptor. The interceptor shall be installed at the expense of the restaurant owner. The interceptor shall be maintained by the said owner, at the owner's expense, in continuous and efficient operation at all times. The interceptor or shall be of a type and design approved by the District prior to the interceptor's installation. Any other commercial facility used or designed for the preparation, processing and distribution of food products shall comply with this Section when so directed in accordance with Section 11.15 of this Chapter.

### **Section 11.17 Time for Compliance**

Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 11.19 of this Chapter, no restaurant which has been in continuous operation since July 1, 1978, shall be required to install a sand and grease interceptor until forty-five days (45) after the happening of any of the following:

1. The transfer of any ownership interest in the restaurant;
2. The issuance by Placer County of any building permit for any construction to be  
SVPSD Administrative Code, Chapter 2  
Division 11 Discharge of Waste, Page 4

performed on the premises;

3. The backup or discharge of raw sewage on or from the premises;

or until five (5) years from the date of adoption of this Chapter, whichever shall first occur.